

Innovations what for?



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WHAT INNOVATION IS?

DIFFERENT WAYS OF DOING THINGS







WHY TO INVEST IN INNOVATIONS?

Why to change the way you work ... if current way is well enough?





WHY TO INVEST IN INNOVATIONS?

WHAT'S WRONG?







- Average age of company on S&P 500 has shortened from 32years in 1965 to 21years in 2020*
- Pace of changes is growing
- Companies are competing on a global marketplace
- The product life cycle has shortened

The end of many companies began ... when they built their own skyscraper





*https://www.statista.com/statistics/1259275/average-company-lifespan/

GREAT LOOSERS



KODAK

- Giant in the photography industry One of the first companies to develop digital camera technology
- Continued to focus on traditional film products

Toys "R" Us

• Failed to invest in ecommerce and digital initiatives





BlackBerry

- Major player in the smartphone market in the early 2000s
- Failed to follow the rapid development of smartphone technology



WINNERS



Netflix Inc

- Started as a DVD-by-mail rental service
- Invested in streaming technology and content creation
- Moved away from DVD rentals
- Global leader in streaming.

Amazon

- Started as online bookshop
- Constant innovation
- Leader in e-commerce, cloud computing (Amazon Web Services) and Logistics





L'Oréal

- Attracting customers by continuously introducing innovative products and digital transformation
- Emphasizing sustainable
- Development and exploiting partnerships



What are the goal and horizons for innovations?



WHY DO WE NEED INNOVATIONS?



Work smarter, optimize



Expand and extend the business



Be "future-proof,, and diversify the business





3 HORIZONS FRAMEWORK

HORIZON 1 IN THE BOX

- Goal: Work smarter
- Time bound: up to 1 year
- Improvement & optimization processes
- Incremental innovations
- Save money



HORIZON 2 EXPAND THE BOX

- Goal: Expand the business
- Time bound: 2-3 years
- New sources of income
- New innovations
- Bring more profit



HORIZON 3 OUT OF THE BOX

- Goal: Be "future-proof" and diversify the business
- Time bound: 3-6 years
- Areas in which the company does not operate
- Disruptive innovations
- New business





*The concept of the "Three Horizons of Innovation" was developed by McKinsey & Company

RECOURCES ALLOCATIONS



* Proportion depends on factors such as: the current business landscape, strategic priorities and the organization's long-term goals





Is the innovation only about technology?





IN WHAT AREAS OF ORGANIZATION INNOVATION CAN ARISE?





* Innovation wheel introduced by Larry Keeley, Ryan Pikkel, Brian Quinn, and Helen Walters in their book titled "Ten Types of Innovation: The Discipline of Building Breakthroughs."



THE SCOPE OF POTENTIALS - HOW DOES IT WORK?

Configuration

Offering

Experience

Profit Model

The **New York Times** pivoted from traditional driven media model to digital user subscriptions

Network

Hennry Ford was one of the industrialists to control his entire supply chain, a strategy later called vertical integration

Structure

Google's ,20%' which allow employees to on side project, led to the of Gmail and google news

Process

McDonald's franchises were encouraged to develop and launch their own new food items, leading to wins such as the Egg McMuffin



Service Amazon Prime e.g. free of charge delivery in 2h in some areas



Product Performance Spotify created a seamless music streaming product



Product System Apple has built an extensive ecosystem of products that work together, creating additional value for user









Channel Nespresso Club provides a personalized and user-friendly platform for placing orders and managing preferences

Brand Patagonia main message: reduce consumption, care for the

environment

Customer Engagement Mercedes has launched an augmented reality owner's manual









* Inspirator: Larry Keeley, Ryan Pikkel, Brian Quinn, and Helen Walters in their book titled "Ten Types of Innovation: The Discipline of Building Breakthroughs., & https://www.visualcapitalist.com/10-types-of-innovation-the-art-of-discovering-a-breakthrough-product/



How to get innovation?



MARKET OBSERVATIOND & TREND ANALYSIS

- Employee Innovation Programs
- Cross-functional, cross- departments collaboration
- Research and Development (R&D team)







INTERNAL INNOVATION

- Research and Development (R&D team)
- Employee Innovation Programs:
- Cross-functional, cross- departments Collaboration







OPEN INNOVATION

- External Collaboration with universities, research institutions, or other companies
- Co-creation: Engaging with customers, suppliers, and partners
- Hackathons and Innovation Challenges





EXTERNAL INNOVATION PLATFORMS

- Incubators
- Accelerators
- Innovation hubs







INNOVATION FUNNEL - IT R&D





Innovation needs to be measured



KPI's FOR INNOVATIONS

KPI	INDICATOR DESCRIPTION	COMPONENTS OF THE INDEX
WISDOM	These are the metrics refering to the activities of the innovation area owner and the people involved in innovation proces. Time of preparation organization and people – up to 12 months	 Number of processes of the organization reviewed and improved in terms of working with innovations Number of processes developed to support work with innovations Number of needs mapping sessions Number of tools developed for working with the organization Number of innovation experts appointed Number of people involved in working with innovations Number of internal experts prepared to work with innovations (other than innovation experts)Number of people familiarized with the methodology for working with innovations
INNOVATION ACTIVITY	This is a group of metrics for monitoring the innovation activities After 1-2 years	 Number of needs/challenges selected to be addressed Number of needs/challenges successfully addressed Number of activities implemented by the company to acquire/create innovative solutions (scouting, accelerator programs, employee program, design processes - e.g. design sprints, etc.). Number of solution ideas submitted by employees/store employees Number of employee ideas developed (e.g., min. to testing phase) Average duration of the innovation testing/implementation process Number of solutions that has been implemented in the organization
RESULTS	These are metrics refering to the results of innovation After 2 years	 Number of new products/services/models of operation/improved processes Benefits (financial/process/other) resulting from the implementation of solutions acquired from outside the organization Benefits (financial/process/other) resulting from the implementation of solutions produced within the organization Conversion of implemented activities into business results Cost of learning during innovation processes, Image benefits associated with implemented innovation activities



KEEP CALM & STAY INNOVATE

THANK YOU!



